1. Identification

Product identifier: CARBON DISULFIDE, REAGENT (ACS)

Other means of identification

Product code: 884

Recommended use: professional, scientific and technical activities: other professional, scientific and technical activities

Recommended restrictions: None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name: GFS Chemicals, Inc.
Address: P.O. Box 245
Powell, OH 43065
United States

Telephone

Phone: 740-881-5501
Toll Free: 800-858-9682
Fax: 740-881-5989

Website: www.gfschemicals.com

E-mail: service@gfschemicals.com

Emergency phone number: Emergency Assistance, Chemtrec 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 1

Health hazards

Acute toxicity, oral Category 4
Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure Category 1

Environmental hazards

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 2

OSHA defined hazards

Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Fatal if inhaled. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response
Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction. If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Collect spillage.

Storage
Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)
Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information
None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substances</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CARBON DISULFIDE</td>
<td>75-15-0</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation
Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Skin contact
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash clothing separately before reuse.

Eye contact
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion
If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Dizziness. Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information
Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media
Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters
Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**
Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)</td>
<td>Ceiling</td>
<td>30 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>30 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Biological limit values

US. ACGIH. BEIs. Biological Exposure Indices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)</td>
<td>2-Thiothiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid (TTCA)</td>
<td>Creatinine in urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5155. Airborne Contaminants

CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (Minn. Rules 5206.0400).

CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) Skin designation applies.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Liquid.
10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Fatal if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:
Dizziness. Headache. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects:

**Acute toxicity**: Fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>10 mg/l, 2 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 mg/l, 2 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>0.69 mg/l, 1 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>16 mg/l, 6 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>25 mg/l, 2 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>25 mg/l, 2 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oral</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>2125 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>2780 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>3188 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization:
Respiratory sensitization: Not available.
Skin sensitization: This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Carcinogenicity: This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**
Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Reproductive toxicity
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity
- single exposure
Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity
- repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Chronic effects
Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Guppy (Poecilia reticulata)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 - 5.8 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability
No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential
Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)
1.94

Mobility in soil
No data available.

Other adverse effects
No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

US RCRA Hazardous Waste P List: Reference

CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) P022

Waste from residues / unused products
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number
UN1131

UN proper shipping name
Carbon disulfide, MARINE POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk 6.1(PGI, II)
Label(s) 3, 6.1
Packing group I

Environmental hazards
Yes

Marine pollutant

Special precautions for user
Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions
B16, T14, TP2, TP7, TP13

Packaging exceptions
None

Packaging non bulk
201

Packaging bulk
243
IATA

UN number: UN1131

UN proper shipping name: Carbon disulphide

Transport hazard class(es)

Class: 3

Subsidiary risk: 6.1(PGIII)

Packing group: Not applicable.

Environmental hazards: No.

ERG Code: 3HP

Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft: Forbidden

Cargo aircraft only: Forbidden

IMDG

UN number: UN1131

UN proper shipping name: CARBON DISULPHIDE, MARINE POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Class: 3

Subsidiary risk: 6.1(PGI, II)

Packing group: I

Environmental hazards: Not established.

Marine pollutant: Yes

EmS: F-E, S-D

Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not established.

DOT

Material name: CARBON DISULFIDE, REAGENT (ACS)

Revision date: February-15-2016     Issue date: April-20-2015 Version #: 02
15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) 100 LBS

US OSHA Hazard Categories (1)
Not regulated.

US OSHA Hazard Categories (2)
Not regulated.

US OSHA Hazard Categories (3)
Not regulated.

US OSHA Hazard Categories (4)
Not regulated.

US OSHA Hazard Categories (5)
Not regulated.

US OSHA Hazard Categories (6)
Not regulated.

US OSHA Hazard Categories (7)
Not regulated.

US OSHA Hazard Categories (8)
Not regulated.

SARA 304 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name CAS number Reportable quantity Threshold planning quantity Threshold planning quantity, lower value Threshold planning quantity, upper value

CARBON DISULFIDE 75-15-0 100 10000 lbs

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name CAS number % by wt.

CARBON DISULFIDE 75-15-0 100

Material name: CARBON DISULFIDE, REAGENT (ACS)
Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)

Clean Water Act (CWA) Hazardous substance
Section 112(r) (40 CFR 68.130)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)
Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)

US. Rhode Island RTK
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0)

US. California Proposition 65
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) Listed: July 1, 1989

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) Listed: July 1, 1989

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin
CARBON DISULFIDE (CAS 75-15-0) Listed: July 1, 1989

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(EINECS)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*"Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date           April-20-2015
Revision date         February-15-2016
Version #             02
Disclaimer

GFS Chemicals, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user’s responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Revision information

Material name: CARBON DISULFIDE, REAGENT (ACS)
Revision date: February-15-2016     Issue date: April-20-2015 Version #: 02